

TRENDS IN TRANSPORT-RELATED AIR POLLUTION IN NZ

CASANZ Transport Special Interest Group Workshop Sydney, Australia 8 September 2013

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OVERVIEW





CONTEXT





WHY MONITOR TRENDS?

"YOU CANNOT MANAGE WHAT YOU DO NOT MEASURE"

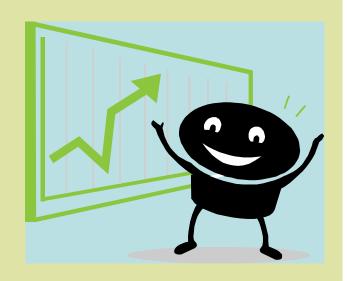
Pavan Sukhdev - Deutsche Bank
UN Convention on Biological Diversity
20th October 2010

Capital market expert leading the UN Environment Programme project "The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity (TEEB)"



GOOD QUALITY DATA IS FUNDAMENTAL

- o establishing <u>baseline</u> levels
- o measuring <u>performance</u> against desired targets or indicators
- o highlighting <u>trends</u> positive and negative - that may require action
- o testing effectiveness of improvements, such as ITS



Need good fleet <u>and</u> good air quality data to manage transport-related air pollution effectively



WHAT DATA EXIST FOR NZ?

- Vehicle fleet statistics
- o VKT and AADT info
- o Remote sensing data
- o National NO₂ network measurements
- o TRAMS database
- o Regional council and other data
- o HAPINZ results





FLEET TRENDS





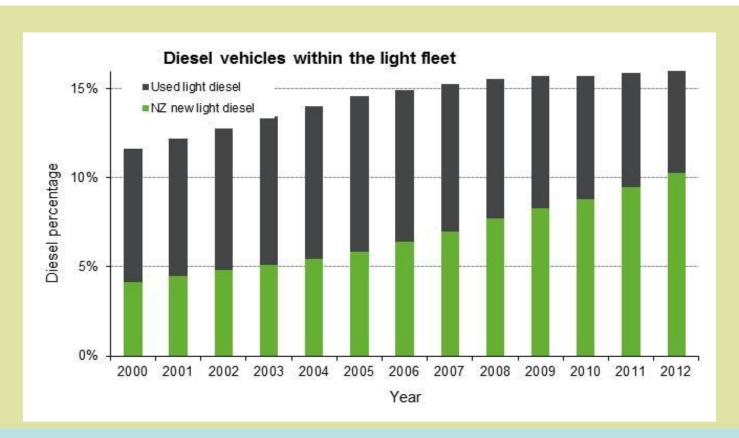
FLEET COMPOSITION - AGE



http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/newzealandvehiclefleetstatistics/



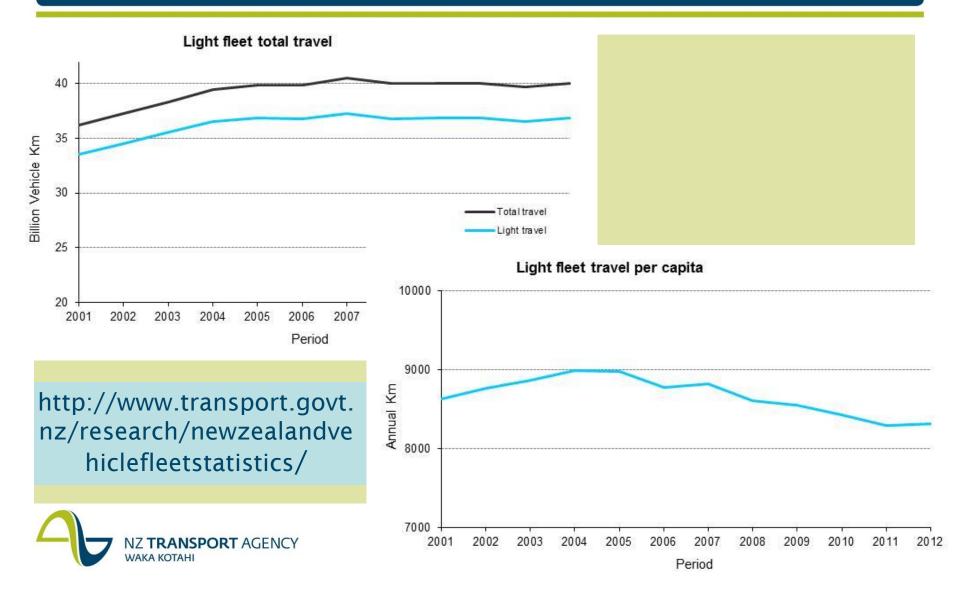
FLEET COMPOSITION - FUEL TYPE



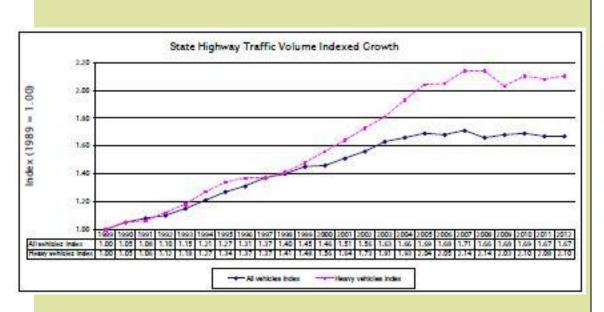
http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/newzealandvehiclefleetstatistics/



FLEET TRAVEL - NATIONAL



FLEET TRAVEL - STATE HIGHWAY



NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY
WAKA KOTAHI

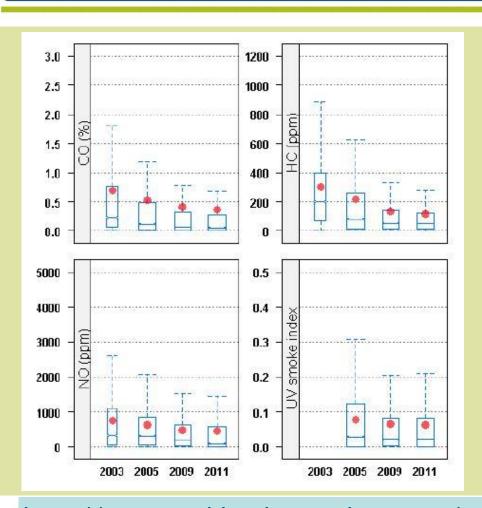


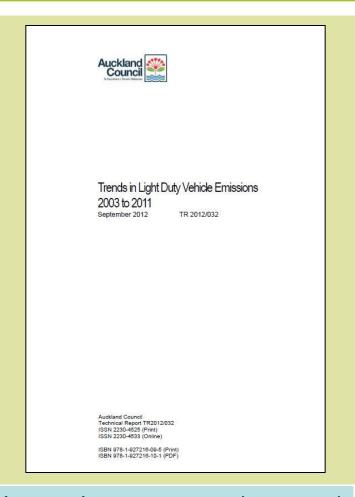
http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/ state-highway-traffic-volumes/

State Highway Traffic Data Booklet 2008- 2012



FLEET EMISSIONS - REMOTE SENSING





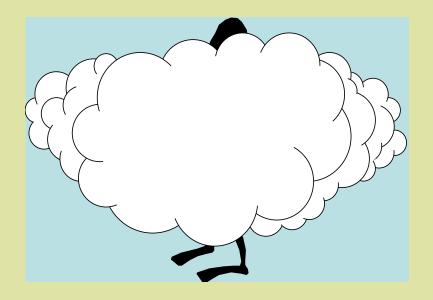
http://www.aucklandcouncil.govt.nz/EN/planspoliciesprojects/reports/technicalpublications/Pages/technicalreports2012.aspx/

SUMMARY OF KEY FLEET TRENDS

- o NZ fleet <u>aging</u> average age now 13.2 years
- o <u>Dieselisation</u> increasing now at 16.2% of light fleet with big increase in new light diesels
- o Fleet <u>travel</u> plateauing total VKT and AADT stable since 2007 with per capita/vehicle travel decreasing
- o Fleet <u>emissions</u> better but ... per vehicle emissions have improved significantly since 2003 but have plateaued especially for NO emissions from light diesels
- o Also <u>introduction of emissions standards</u> has not delivered expected reductions in emissions



AIR QUALITY TRENDS





NZTA NATIONAL NO₂ NETWORK - 1



Ambient air quality (nitrogen dioxide) monitoring network site metadata report 2007-2011

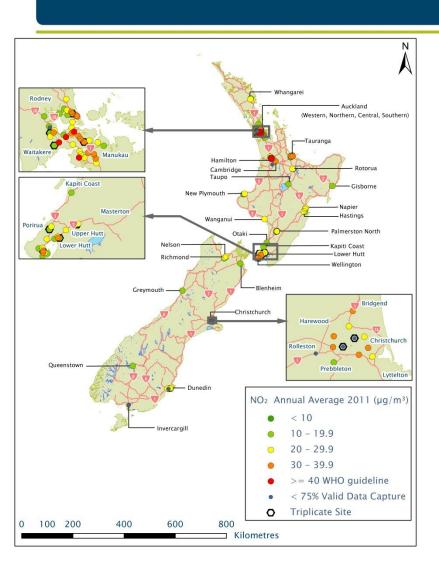
NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY

http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/air-quality-monitoring/



New Zealand Government

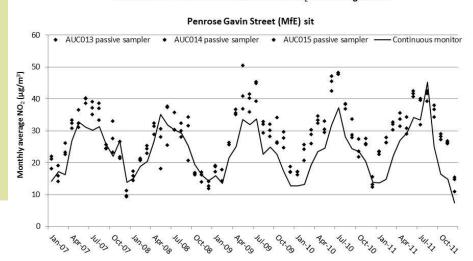
NZTA NATIONAL NO₂ NETWORK - 2



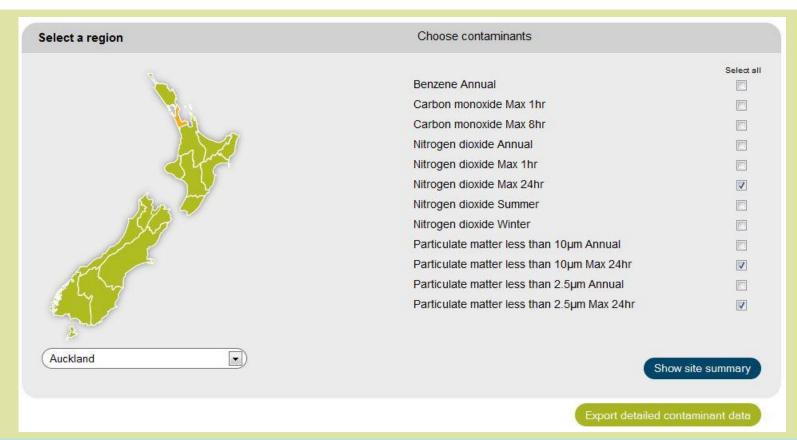
Annual Trends by Site Type - Auckland Northern



Co-located diffusion tube and continuous NO2 monitoring results



NZTA TRAMS DATABASE - 1



http://air.nzta.govt.nz/transport-related-air-quality-monitoring-data



NZTA TRAMS DATABASE - 2

Site ID	Site name	NO2 Max 24hr	PM10 Max 24hr	PM2.5 Max 24hr
AUC082	Christ the King School 2	Yes	Yes	No
AUC083	Christ the King School 1	Yes	Yes	No
AUC086	Alan Wood Reserve 1	Yes	Yes	Yes
AUC101	Cowley St	Yes	Yes	Yes
AUC172	Johnstoness Hill Tunnel	Yes	Yes	No
AUC174	Beaumont Centre Carpark	Yes	Yes	No
AUC175	Te Puea Marae	Yes	Yes	No
AUC184	Deas PI Reserve	Yes	Yes	No
AUC185	Deas PI	Yes	Yes	No
AUC186	Luke St	Yes	Yes	No

AUC086 Alan Wood Reserve	e 1						
Contaminant	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
NO2 Max 24hr					37.7	34.2	86.0
PM10 Max 24hr			117.4		36.5	34.6	
PM2.5 Max 24hr			36.5				

Choose a new region or contaminants

Export site summary

Other Organisations

In addition to this data, please contact the following organisations as they may have additional monitoring data available:

Auckland Council tbc

Watercare (on behalf of NZTA) Kath McLeod

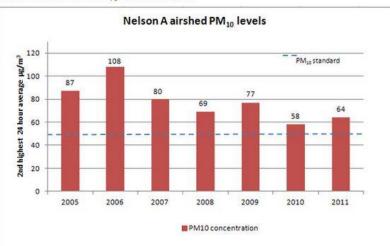
REGIONAL COUNCIL & OTHER DATA



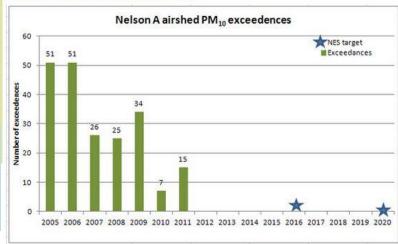
http://www.mfe.govt.nz/environmentalreporting/air/air-qualityindicator/pm10/nes/air-qualityairsheds.html

Air quality in the Nelson region: Airshed A (Nelson South)

Nelson Airshed A PM₁₀ concentrations



Nelson Airshed A PM₁₀ Exceedences



HAPINZ UPDATE - 1

The total social costs associated with anthropogenic air pollution in NZ are ~\$4.28 billion per year or \$1,061 per person, with:

- o 56% due to domestic fires
- o 22% due to <u>motor vehicles</u>
- o 10% due to industry
- o 12% due to open burning.

http://www.hapinz.org.nz



Updated Health and Air Pollution in New Zealand Study

Volume 1: Summary Report



Prepared for Health Research Council of New Zealand, Ministry of Transport, Ministry for the Environment and New Zealand Transport Agency March 2012









HAPINZ UPDATE - 2

Table A1-6: Total social costs from PM₁₀ air pollution in 2006 by source and by region

***********	Pop'n	Social Costs by Source (\$million)						Anthropogenia
Region		Dom Fires	Motor Vehicles	Industry	Open Burning	Natural	Total	Freetian
Auckland	1,303,029	411.8	465.7	79.0	115.0	1,181.6	2,253.1	48%
Bay of Plenty	257,382	128.8	52.4	35.9	37.6	303.0	557.7	46%
Canterbury	521,847	680.9	164.2	145.5	23.4	568.0	1,582.1	64%
Gisborne	44,508	13.2	1.5	0.0	6.5	55.8	77.0	28%
Hawke's Bay	147,777	148.1	24.3	32.7	44.4	161.4	410.9	61%
Manawatu-Wanganui	222,411	110.2	25.8	0.16	39.8	272.5	448.4	39%
Marlborough	42,564	51.2	6.5	5.3	19.6	30.7	113.2	73%
Nelson	42,897	38.9	11.9	6.4	0.0	36.6	93.8	61%
Northland	148,482	62.5	19.5	28.1	29.4	181.0	320.5	44%
Otago	193,782	212.0	40.9	67.1	11.6	216.5	548.1	61%
Southland	90,873	83.3	2.5	5.9	4.9	104.7	201.2	48%
Taranaki	104,118	65.8	22.3	0.0	36.6	131.9	256.7	49%
Tasman	44,634	32.1	3.2	9.0	1.3	44.7	90.3	50%
Waikato	382,701	161.2	43.9	33.0	62.6	381.6	682.3	44%
Wellington	448,947	156.9	48.1	0.2	70.5	445.8	721.5	38%
West Coast	31,332	27.3	2.1	0.8	4.3	38.7	73.2	47%
Outside	618	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	26%
National	4,027,902	2,384.2	934.8	448.8	507.7	4,154.7	8,430.3	51%



SUMMARY OF KEY AIR QUALITY TRENDS

- o Since 2007, nine NZTA national network sites have exceeded the WHO NO₂ annual guideline of 40µg/m³
- o Annual average NO₂ levels in 2012 were 15% higher on average than in 2007 but reduced slightly versus 2010
- o <u>PM₁₀ levels nationally have generally improved</u> in response to improvements in domestic fire emissions in order to meet the National Environmental Standard
- o Across NZ, most of the air pollution health effects are from domestic fire-related PM₁₀ but more work needs to be done to quantify NO₂ effects especially in trafficimpacted areas



THANKS

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